





On Demand Paging (ODP) Update

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- Introduction
- Implementation notes
- APIs and usage
- Statistics
- What's new

Memory Registration Challenges



- Registered memory size limited to physical memory
- Requires special memory locking privileges
- Registration is a costly operation
- Requires careful application design for high performance
 - Bounce buffers
 - Pin-down caches
- Keeping address space and registered memory in synch is hard and error prone

On Demand Paging



- MR pages are *never* pinned by the OS
 - Paged in when HCA needs them
 - Paged out when reclaimed by the OS
- HCA translation tables may contain non-present pages
 - Initially, a new MR is created with non-present pages
 - Virtual memory mappings don't necessarily exist
- Advantages
 - Greatly simplified programming
 - Reduce/eliminate registrations, no copying, no caches
 - Unlimited MR sizes
 - No need for special privileges
 - Physical memory optimized to hold current working set
 - For both CPU and IO access

ODP Operation





ODP promise:

IO virtual address mapping == Process virtual address mapping

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Implementation





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ODP capabilities



```
enum odp transport cap bits {
        ODP_SUPPORT_SEND = 1 << 0,
        ODP_SUPPORT_RECV = 1 << 1,
ODP_SUPPORT_WRITE = 1 << 2,
        ODP SUPPORT READ = 1 << 3,
        ODP SUPPORT ATOMIC = 1 << 4,
};
enum odp general caps {
        ODP SUPPORT = 1 << 0,
};
struct ibv odp caps {
        uint32 t comp mask;
        uint32 t general caps;
        struct {
                uint32 t rc odp caps;
                uint32 t uc odp caps;
                uint32 t ud odp caps;
                 uint32 t xrc odp caps;
        } per transport caps;
};
int ibv query odp caps(struct ibv context *context,
                        struct ibv odp caps *caps,
                        size t caps size);
```

ODP Memory Regions





- Registering the whole address space
 - ibv_reg_mr(pd, NULL, (u64) -1, flags)
 - Memory windows may be used to provide granular remote access rights

Usage Example



```
int main()
{
   struct ibv odp caps caps;
   ibv mr *mr;
   struct ibv sge sge;
    struct ibv send wr wr;
    . . .
   if (ibv query odp caps(ctx, &caps, sizeof(caps)) ||
        ! (caps.ud odp caps & ODP SUPPORT SEND) )
            return -1;
    p = mmap(NULL, 10 * MB, PROT READ | PROT WRITE, MAP SHARED, 0, 0);
    . .
   mr = ibv reg mr(ctx->pd, p, 10 * MB, IBV ACCESS LOCAL WRITE | IBV ACCESS ON DEMAND);
    . .
    sqe.addr = p;
    sge.lkey = mr->lkey;
    ibv post send(ctx->qp, &wr, &bad wr);
    . . .
   munmap(p, 1 * MB);
   p = mmap(p, 1 * MB, PROT READ | PROT WRITE, MAP SHARED, 0, 0);
    . . .
    ibv post send(ctx->qp, &wr, &bad wr);
    . . .
    return 0;
```

Memory Prefetching



- Best effort hint
 - Not necessarily all pages are pre-fetched
 - No guarantees that pages remain resident
 - Asynchronous
 - Can be invoked opportunistically in parallel to IO
- Use cases
 - Avoid multiple page faults by small transactions
 - Pre-fault a large region about to be accessed by IO
- EFAULT returned when
 - Range exceeds the MR
 - Requested pages not part of address space

```
struct ibv_prefetch_attr {
    uint32_t comp_mask;
    int flags; /* IBV_ACCESS_LOCAL_WRITE */
    void *addr;
    size_t length;
};
int ibv_prefetch_mr(struct ibv_mr *mr,
        struct ibv_prefetch_attr *attr,
        size_t attr_size);
```

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11

Page fault pattern

Use cases

- Warm-up
- Steady state •

Reported by sysfs

- Paging efficiency
- Detect thrashing
- Measure pre-fetch impact

Maintained by the IB core layer

Tracked on a per device basis

/sys/class/infiniband verbs/uverbs<dev-idx>/ invalidations faults contentions num invalidation pages num invalidations num page fault pages num page faults num prefetches handled

| Counter name | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| invalidations_faults _contentions | Number of times that page fault events were dropped or prefetch operations were restarted due to OS page invalidations |
| num_invalidation_ pages | Total number of pages invalidated during all invalidation events |
| num_invalidations | Number of invalidation events |
| num_page_fault_p ages | Total number of pages faulted in by page fault events |
| num_page_faults | Number of page fault events |
| num_prefetches_h andled | Number of prefetch Verb calls that completed successfully |

Statistics

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Core statistics



Statistics (continued)



- Driver debug statistics
 - Maintained by the mlx5 driver
 - Tracked on a per device basis
 - Reported by debugfs
- Use cases
 - Track accesses to nonmapped memory
 - ODP MR usage

/sys/kernel/debug/mlx5/<pci-dev-id>/odp_stats/ num_failed_resolutions num_mrs_not_found num_odp_mr_pages num_odp_mrs

| Counter name | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| num_failed_resolutions | Number of failed page faults that could not be resolved due to non-existing mappings in the OS |
| num_mrs_not_found | Number of faults that specified a non-existing ODP MR |
| num_odp_mr_pages | Total size in pages of current ODP MRs |
| num_odp_mrs | Number of current ODP MRs |

News



- Connect-IB Support
 - Initially UD and RC
 - DC will follow
 - Address space key for local access
- Initial testing with OpenMPI
 - No more memory hooks!
- Release planned for MLNX_OFED-2.3
- ODP patches submitted to kernel



Thank You



