

Windows HPC Server 2008 R2 – Service Pack 3 (V3 SP3)

Greg Burgess, Principal Development Manager
Windows Azure High Performance Computing
Microsoft Corporation

HPC Server Components

Job Scheduler

- Job submission APIs and portal
- Job queue and priorities
- Task activation and monitoring
- Resource sharing policies

Distributed Runtimes

- Parametric Sweeps
- Cluster SOA
- Excel
- MPI

System Administration

- Cluster deployment
- Monitoring
- Diagnostics
- Reporting

HPC Target Deployments

On Premise

- Dedicated Compute Nodes
- Workstation Nodes
- Server Scavenging

Hybrid

- On premise cluster
- Burst to Azure

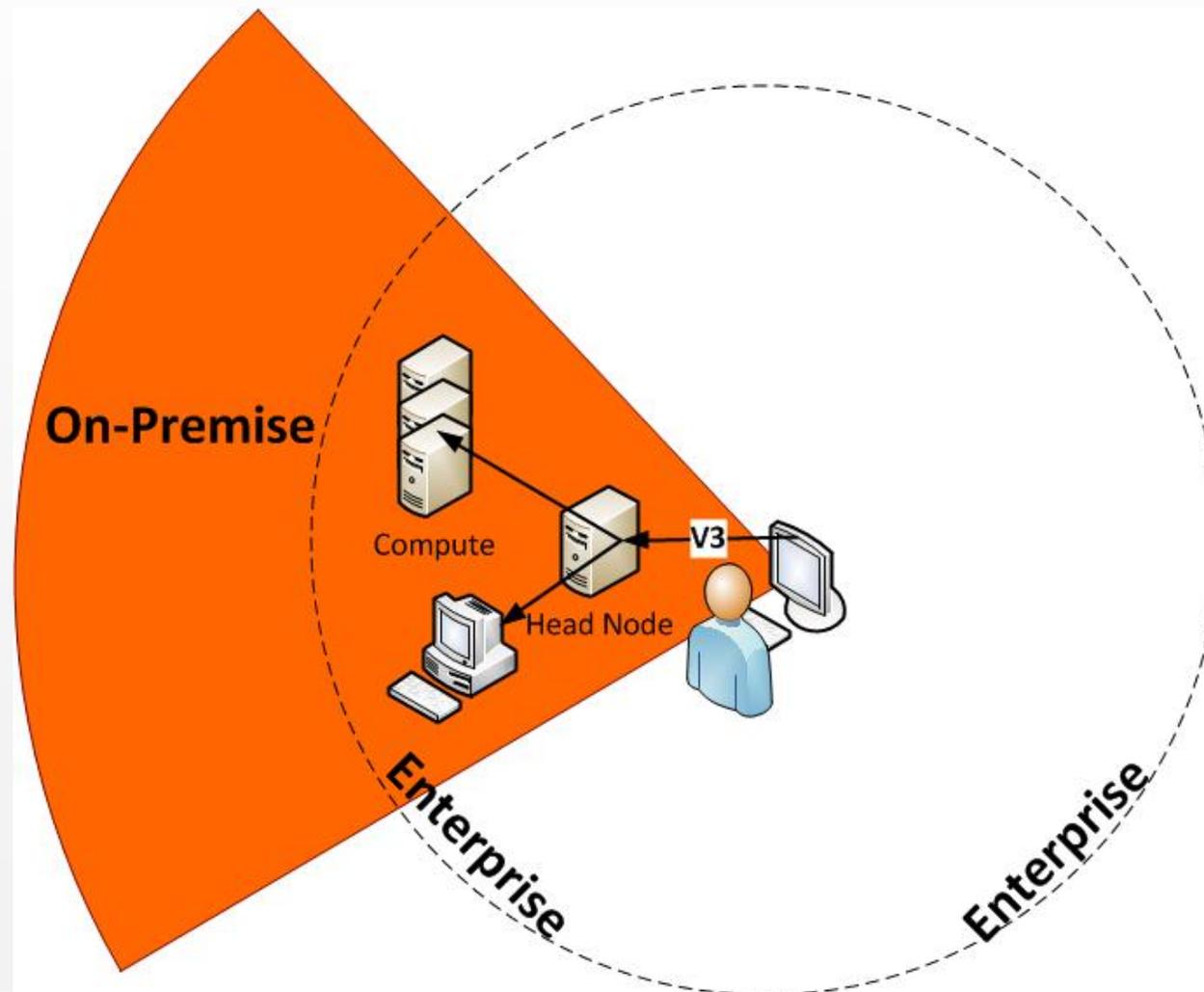
Cloud

- Application offload to Azure
- Applications and services in Azure
- Cluster in Azure

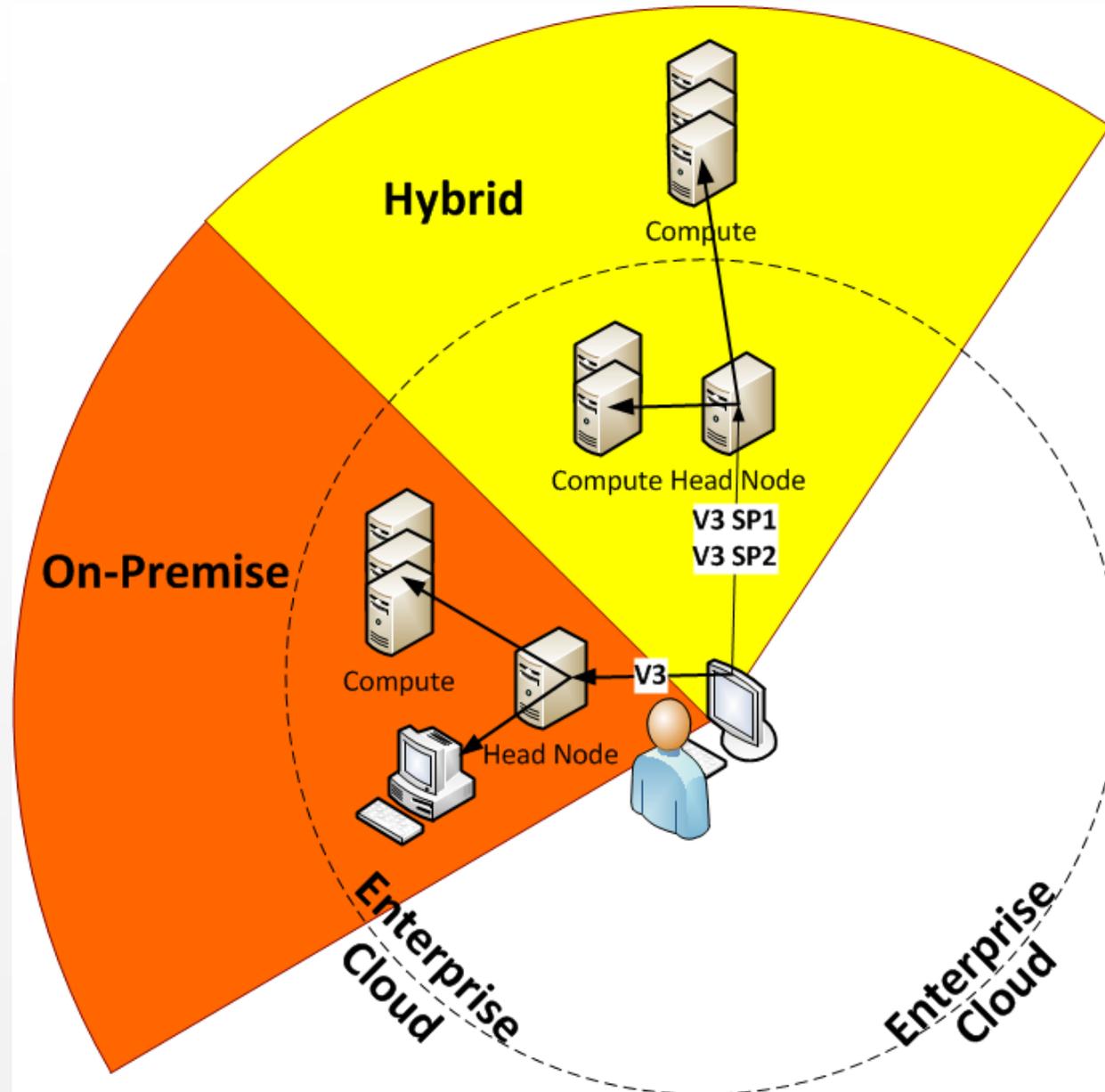
HPC supports all three environments.

Aggressively support the new cloud business model while continuing to invest in on-premise and a melding of the on-premise and cloud models.

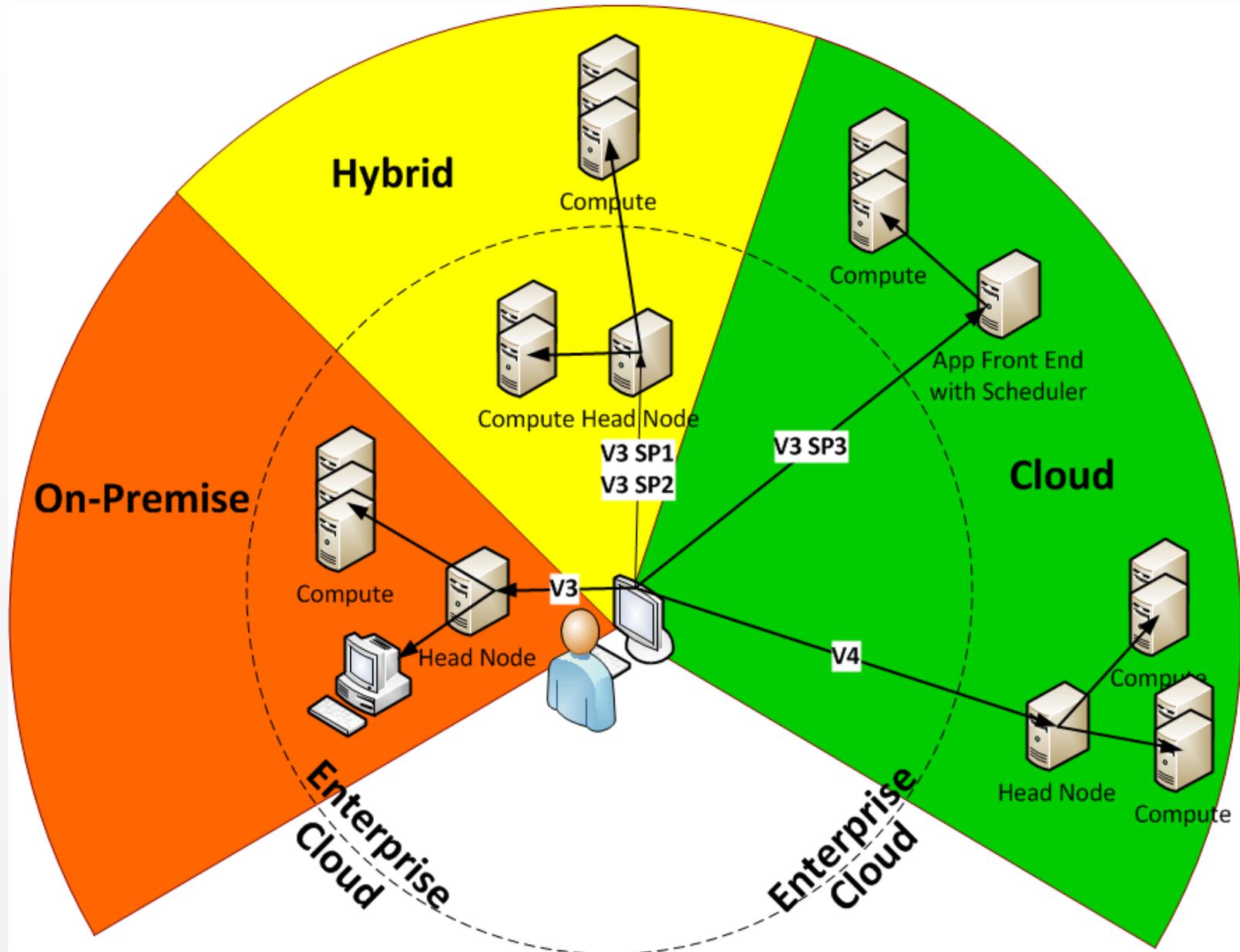
Windows HPC Server 2008 R2



Windows HPC Server 2008 R2 SP1 & SP2

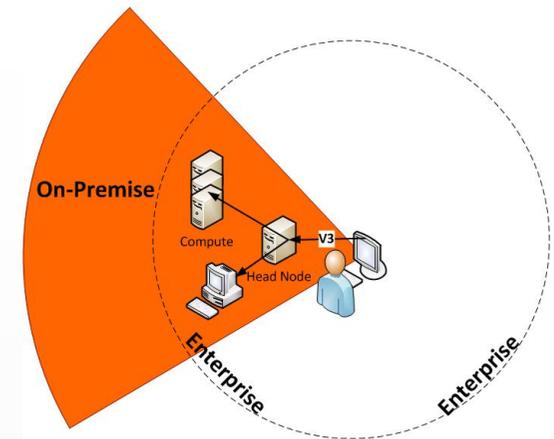


Windows HPC Server 2008 R2 SP3



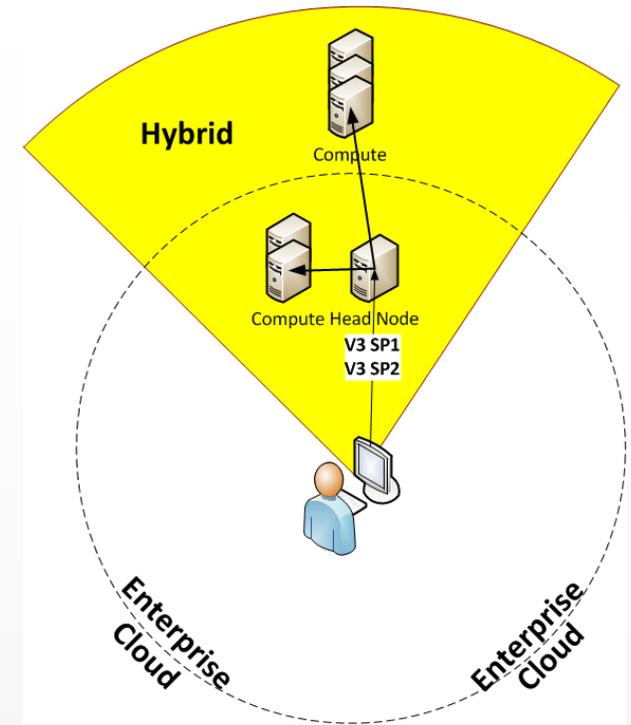
On-Premise

- Traditional HPC environment
 - Dedicated compute nodes
 - Workstation nodes (CoW) & Server Scavenging
 - Supports specialized hardware (Infiniband, GPU, etc.)
- On-premise head node and broker nodes
 - Administration- deployment, monitoring, diagnostics, & reporting
 - Scheduler – FCFS, Balanced, Pools, Preemption
 - Runtimes - Parametric sweep, MPI, SOA, LINQ to HPC



Hybrid

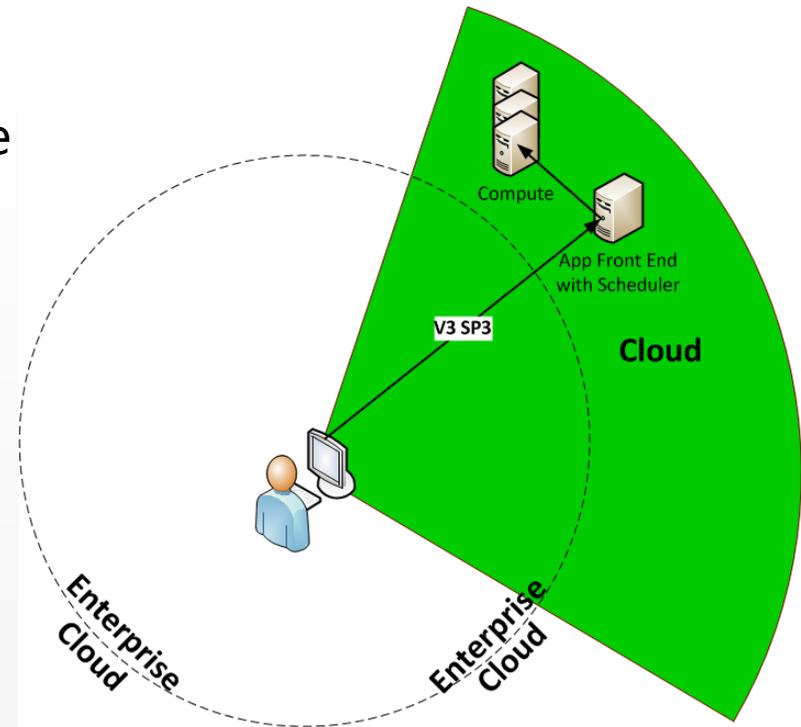
- Combine power of on-premise compute resources with scale-out capability of Azure.
 - Cluster burst to Azure –
 - Add cloud resources as necessary
 - Worker Roles
 - VMs
- On-premise head node & broker nodes
 - Full Admin and Scheduler capabilities
 - Work (jobs/tasks) pushed to Azure nodes when available
 - Workloads: parametric sweep, MPI, SOA



Cloud - Applications in Azure

November 2011

- Application is hosted entirely in Azure
 - No on-premise Head Node
- Application is accessed from
 - Rich client on premise
 - Portal
 - Web Application
- Multiple business models
 - Packaged application is sold to a customer
 - Application is available as a service in the cloud
- Scheduler and Runtimes Supported in Azure
 - Workloads: Parametric Sweep, SOA, MPI, HPC to LINQ
 - No Head Node (Scheduler Service, no Admin Services)



Components in Azure SDK

Job Scheduler

- Job submission API and portal
- Job queue and priorities
- Task activation and monitoring
- Resource sharing policies

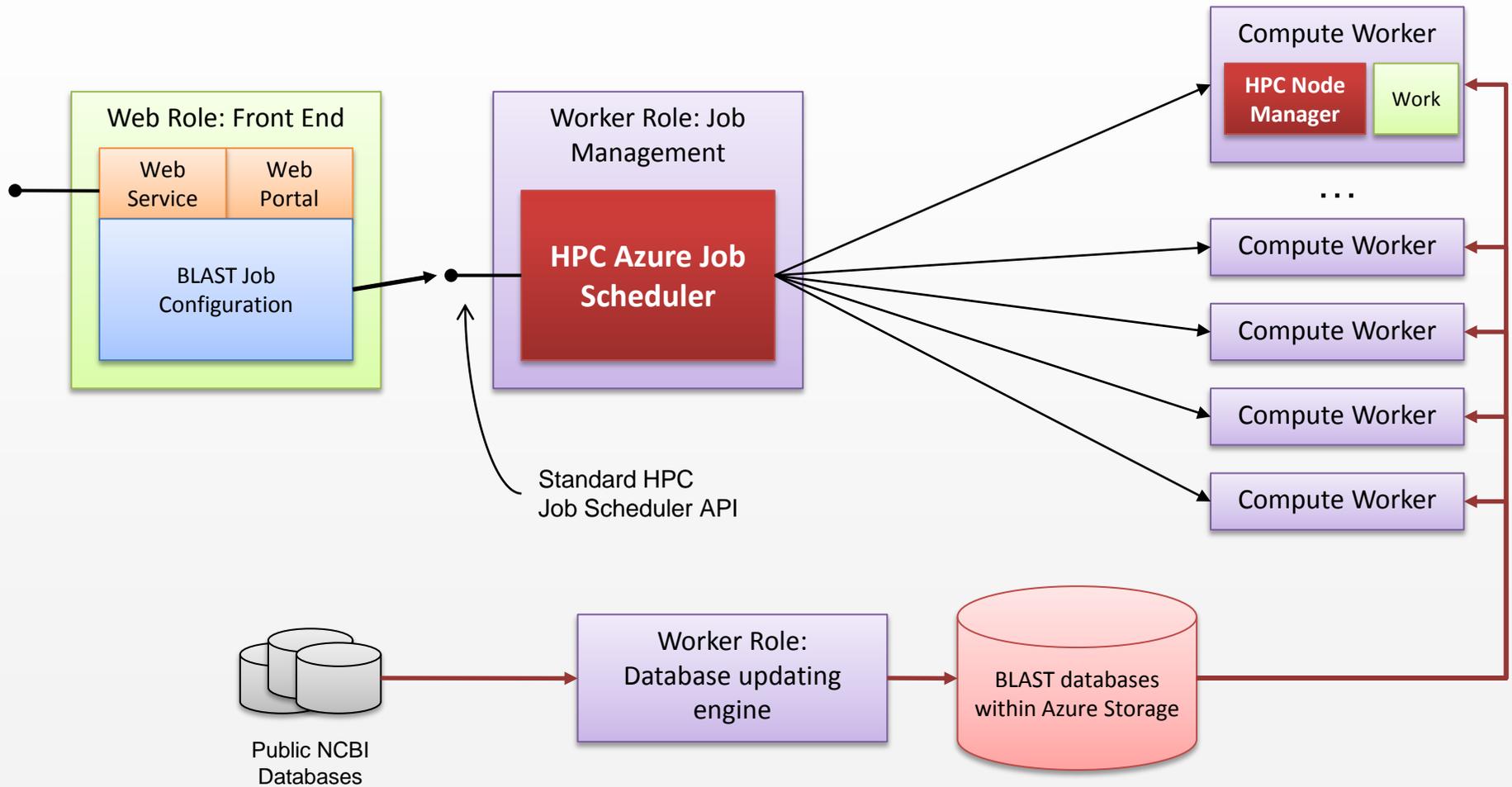
Distributed Runtimes

- Parametric Sweeps
- Cluster SOA
- Excel
- MPI

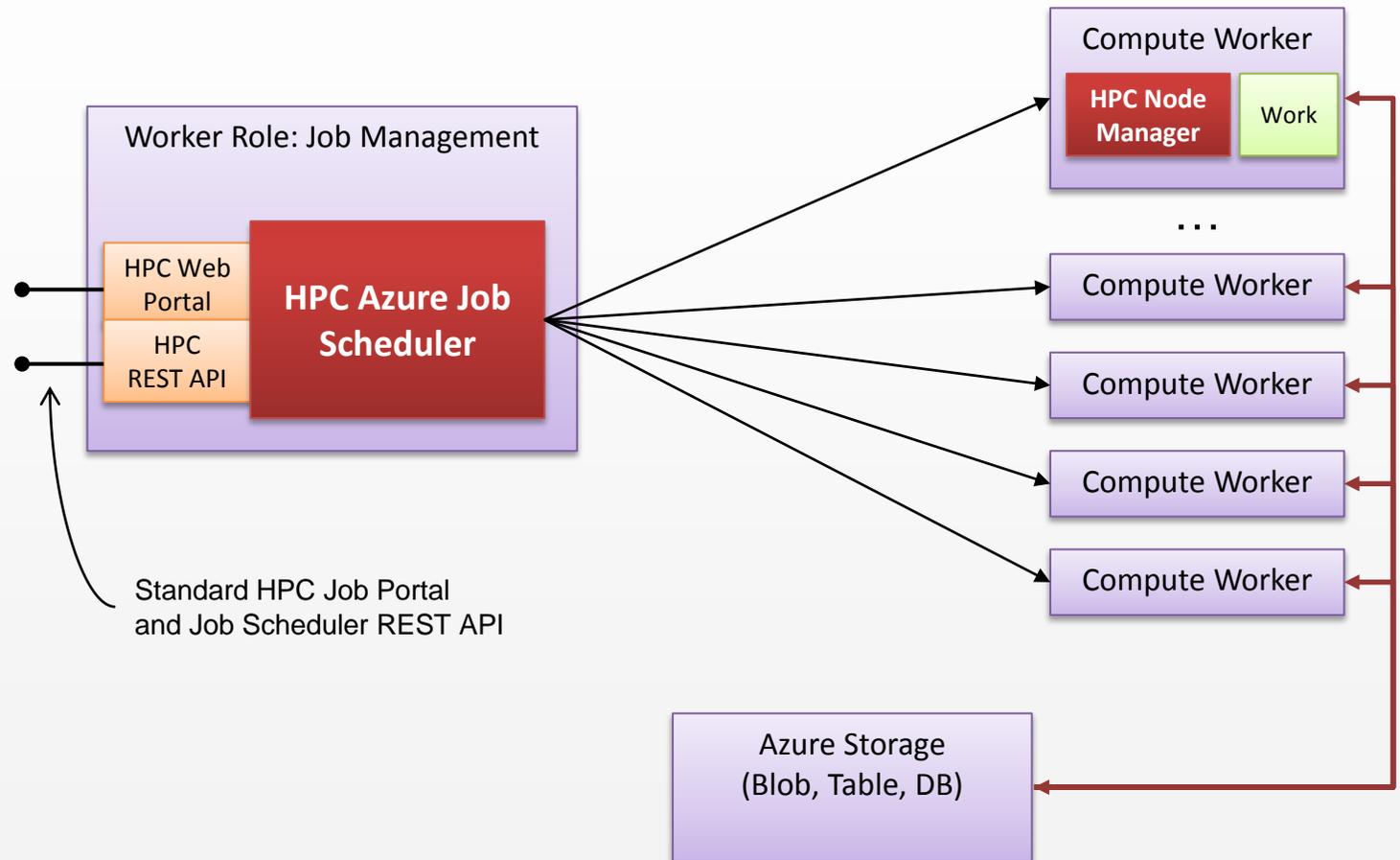
System Administration

- Cluster deployment
- Monitoring
- Diagnostics
- Reporting

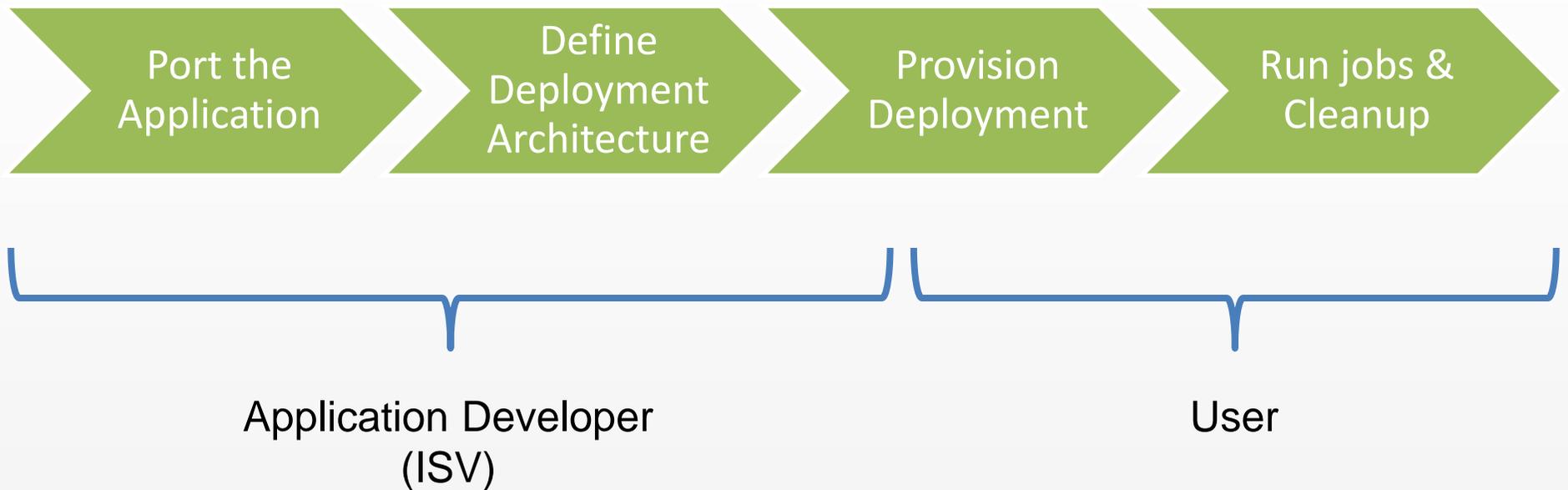
Sample: AzureBLAST With HPC Scheduler in Azure



Sample: Using HPC Portal or REST API



Building an Application Deployment Packaged Application

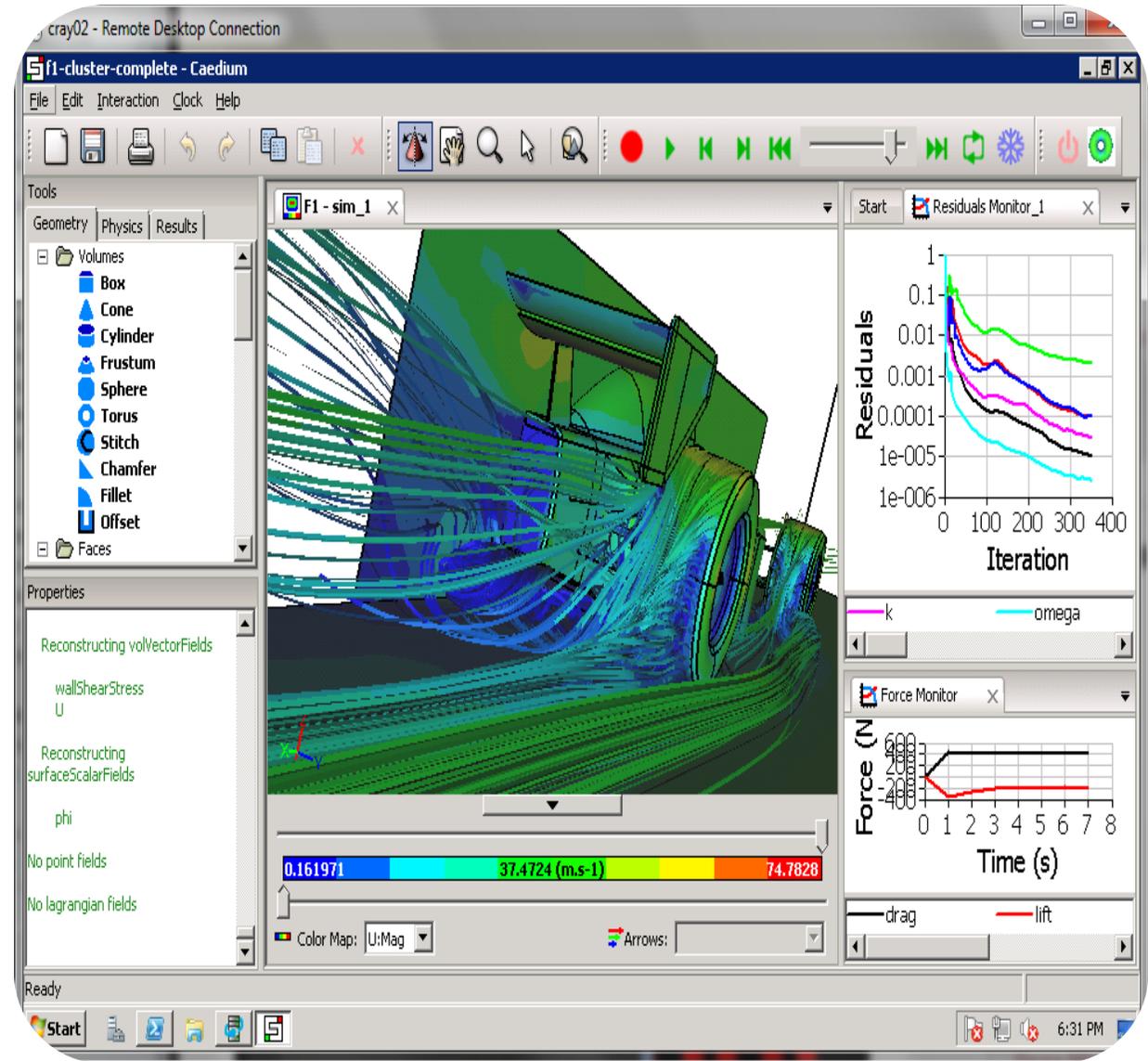
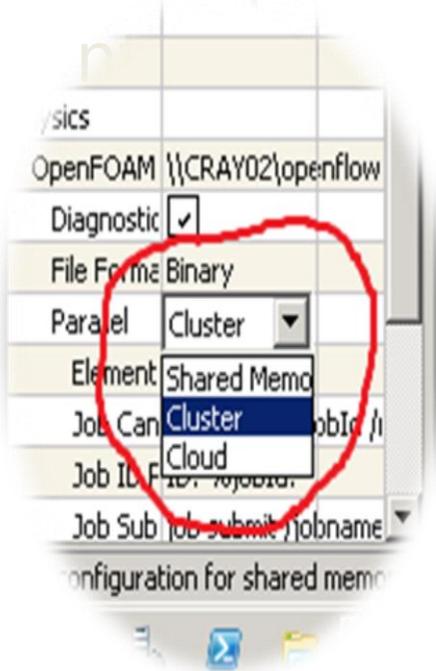


Simplicity of Microsoft HPC Compute Intensive Paradigms

Run on:

- Client
- Cluster
- Cloud

Transparent



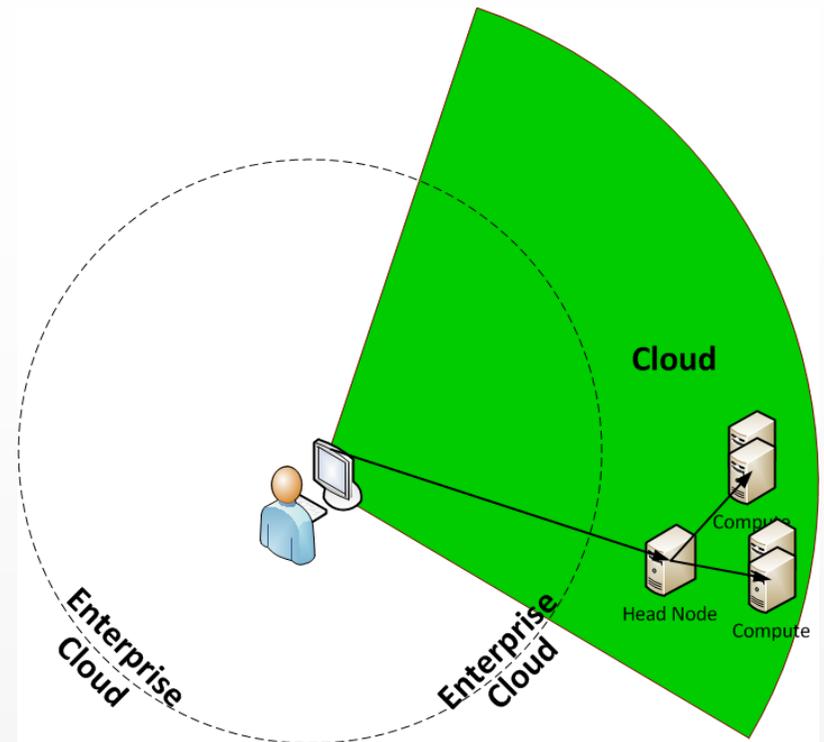
Business Model

- An Application or a Service
 - Who owns the Azure subscription & deployment?
- Licensing
 - On-premise license server or cloud license server
 - How will license models change?
- Billing
 - Currently no support for billing on behalf of an ISV

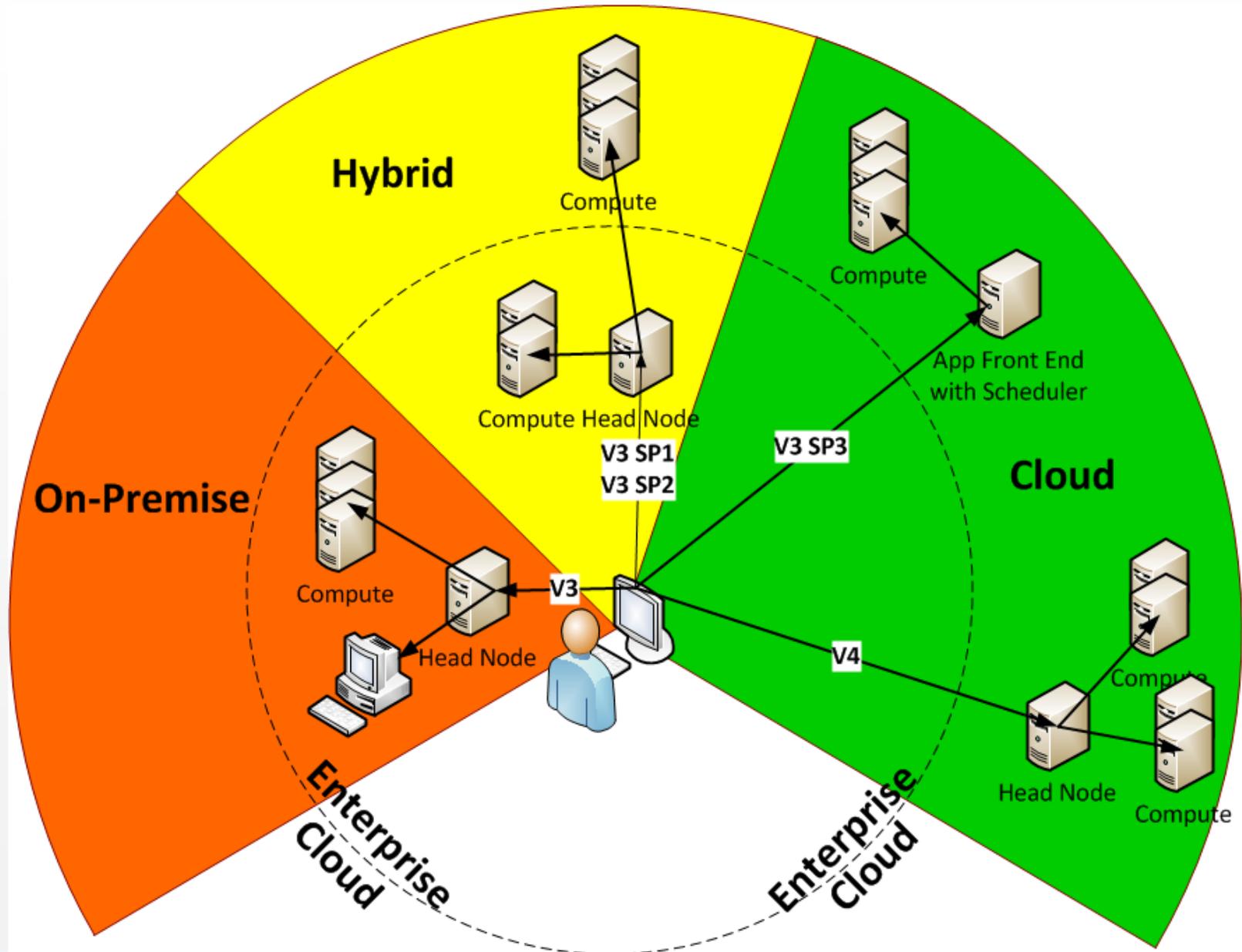
Cloud - Cluster in Azure

Future

- Cluster hosted entirely in Azure
 - Full Head Node (Admin & Scheduler)
- Jobs submitted to scheduler just as on premise
 - Portal
 - Web Application
 - APIs
- IT Pro model just as on-premise cluster
- Scheduler and Runtimes Supported in Azure
 - Scheduler: Policies similar to on-premise & additional cost based policies.
 - Workloads: Parametric Sweep, SOA, MPI, HPC to LINQ
 - No Head Node (Scheduler Service, not Admin Service)



Windows HPC Server



Questions?